



**AQUA
TILE™**
Slip-Resistant Flooring

MAINTENANCE GUIDE

Keep your Aqua Tile surface safe, clean, and beautiful for yours to come.

DAILY MAINTENANCE GUIDE (30 -45 MINUTES)

For facilities open to the public, daily maintenance is essential for both safety and aesthetics. This routine should be performed:



AT CLOSING TIME

For public facilities



AFTER HEAVY USE

Periods for residential installations



BEFORE OPENING

For facilities with overnight access



GENERAL TIPS

Clean regularly to maintain slip resistance and appearance.

Address spills and stains promptly.

Consistent maintenance extends the life of your Aqua Tile Surface

Allow the surface to air dry completely before reopening.

AVOID THESE MISTAKES

Using abrasive cleaners such as bleach, ammonia, or concentrated vinegar.

Scrubbing with steel wool or wire brushes.

Allowing cleaning solutions to dry on the surface.

Using cleaning products with a pH above 10.

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DEBRIS REMOVAL

Begin with thorough debris removal to prevent abrasive particles from scratching the surface

- Use a soft-bristle push broom or vacuum with a gentle suction setting.
- Pay special attention to corners, edges, and around drains where debris accumulates.
- For outdoor installations, use a leaf blower on a low setting to remove lightweight debris.
- Remove any sharp objects that could potentially damage the surface.

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INITIAL RINSE

Before applying any cleaning solutions, rinse the entire surface with clean water to:

- Remove loose contaminants.
- Prevent cleaning solution from reacting with dried-on substances.
- Assess the surface condition before cleaning.

Use a garden hose with a gentle spray nozzle or a pressure washer set to no higher than 1,500 PSI to avoid damaging the surface texture.

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SPOT CLEANING FOR PROBLEM AREAS

Identify and treat specific problem areas before general cleaning.

- Sunscreen Residue : Common around pool edges, oily deposits can reduce slip resistance.
- Food & Beverage Stains : Found around splash pad seating and food service areas. These stains can attract insects and create slip hazards.
- Body Oils : Often accumulate in high-traffic areas and can leave the surface feeling slippery.
- Algae & Organic Growth : Most common in shaded or poorly ventilated areas.

For spot treatments, apply a pH-neutral cleaner using a soft-bristle brush or microfiber cloth, working in sections approximately 2' × 2' at a time.

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GENERAL SURFACE CLEANING

For the main cleaning process, use one of these approved methods

METHOD 1: MANUAL CLEANING

- Mix 1–2 oz. of pH-neutral dish soap per gallon of warm water.
- Agitate using a soft-bristle push broom or deck brush.
- Work in sections and rinse frequently.
- Pay special attention to the multi-directional texture.
- Rinse thoroughly with clean water.

METHOD 2: MACHINE CLEANING

- Use a floor scrubber with soft brushes or pads.
- Avoid wire brushes or aggressive scrubbing.
- Operate below 300 RPM.
- Use a pH-neutral cleaning solution.
- Rinse immediately after scrubbing.
- Allow the surface to air dry completely before reopening.



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